## THE GOSPEL in WHICH WE STAND

I Cor 15:1-26

## I. STAND FIRM IN THE FAITH—"hold fast that word" (v. 2)

- A. Einstein: "a man should look for what is, and not what he thinks should be."
- B. Aristotle's *Analytics & Topics* detail equally solid, if different, ways of knowing
- C. Reason involves:
  - 1. Deduction: math (Pythagorean triangle); logic (laws of thought; syllogisms)
  - 2. Induction: natural sciences (physics; chemistry; biology)
  - 3. Abduction: forensics; archeology; history—N.B. J. Werner Wallace's Cold Case Christianity

## II. CONFIDENT in the RESURRECTION OF JESUS

- A. Trustworthy witnesses—"He was seen" (v. 5)
  - 1. Eyewitnesses important—take seriously accounts of those who actually saw events (thus note the integrity of New Testament)
  - 2. Testimonies clear—central claims of early witnesses coherent
  - 3. Martyrdom affirms
- B. Circumstantial evidence also important
  - 1. Empty tomb powerful datum—Frank Morison's *Who Moved the Stone* details journalist's efforts to disprove the Resurrection, ending with him embracing the Faith
  - 2. Shroud of Turin uniquely persuasive
    - a. Gilbert Lavoie, The Shroud of Jesus: And the Sign John Ingeniously Concealed
    - b. Verdict on the Shroud—Kenneth Stevenson & Gary Habermas reflect on evidence
      - 1. Imprint shows 5'11" bearded male, muscular
      - 2. "Standard face" in scores of art works from 5th century on
      - 3. Came from Edessa to Constantinople in 944 A.D., when in France by 1357
      - 4. 1898 photographs & "negative" likeness
      - 5. Blood, not paint & looks scorched (radiation?)
      - 6. Coins on eyes minted in Pilate's day
      - 7. Wounds from *flagrum* (Roman whip), crown of thorns
      - 8. Organic materials located only in Palestine
- C. J. Werner Wallace: Alive: A Cold Case Approach to the Resurrection and Cold-Case Christianity:
  - A Homicide Detective Investigates
  - 1. "Learn how to infer"—adductive reasoning, moving to the best explanation of evidence
  - 2. "Think circumstantially"—cumulative evidence, taking everything into account, matters
  - 3. "Test your witnesses"—look for credibility (both character of person and coherence of words)
  - 4. "Hang on every word"—clues often found in casual comments, asides
  - 5. "Respect the chain of custody"—how was evidence treated, who preserved it
  - 6. "Know when 'enough is enough" —best conclusion, not necessarily indubitable

## III. ASSURED WE TOO SHALL ENJOY EVERLASTING LIFE

- A. Jesus promised! "whoever believes in Him should not perish but have eternal life . . . whoever believes in Him should not perish but have everlasting life" (Jn 3:15, 16).
- B. Reasons favoring immortality, from Socrates et al, persuasive
  - 1. Natural human longing—and natural longings have ends, satisfactions
  - 2. Mystery of human consciousness, suggesting very real spirit at the core of human nature
  - 3. Mind transcends matter, discerning such things as justice, numbers, laws
  - 4. Moral sense & expectation/fear of final judgment
- C. Near Death Experiences suggest immortality
  - 1. George Ritchie: Return from Tomorrow
  - 2. Don Piper: 90 Minutes in Heaven
  - 3. Howard Storm: My Descent into Death
  - 4. Jeffrey Long: Evidence of the Afterlife
  - 5. Jim Garlow: Encountering Heaven and the Afterlife
  - 6. Evan Alexander: Proof of Heaven: A Neurosurgeon's Journey into the Afterlife
  - 7. Colton Burpo: *Heaven in for Real*.